JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #1

Introduction:

- 1. John's gospel account uniquely emphasizes the true identity of Jesus. Consider the bookend statements: John 1.1-4 → 20.24-29.
 - a) John 1.1: "The Word" is the subject [nom.] and "God" is the direct object [acc.]. "God" complements "the Word;" hence, the definite article is not needed here for "God."
 - b) John 20.28: "My Lord and my God" has two nominatives ("Lord" & "God") and are very definite. Thomas identifies Jesus as both!

 [HO KURIOS MOU KAI HO THEOS MOU]
 - c) Analysis: The apostle John makes it very clear that Jesus is to be regarded as Deity, and not exclusively human.
- 2. John's gospel is a polemic, even an apologetic, and its theme or motif may very well be, **Jesus**, **THE GREAT** "I AM."

I. UNDERSTANDING THE "I AM" PHRASE

- A. Moses and the "I AM" revelation: "I AM WHO I AM" (Exod. 3.14) [EHAYEH ASHER EHAYEH]
- B. Read John 8.51-58 Context: Christ's preexistence
 - 1. Jews claimed ancestry through Abraham (vs. 33, 39, 53)
 - 2. "Before Abraham was, I AM" (v. 58). [EGŌ EIMÍ: 1st per., present indicative mood over 20x in John.]
 - 3. Contrast: "Abraham was" with "IAM" timeless!
 - 4. Why did the Jews want to stone Jesus? (John 5.18; 10.33)
- C. John the Baptist: "I am not the Christ" (John 1.19-27; cf., 3.28). [EGŌ OUK EIMÍ HO CHRISTOS]

II. THE EIGHT "I AM" STATEMENTS OF JOHN

- A. "I Am the Bread of Life" (John 6.35) Sustenance!
- B. "I Am the Light of the World" (John 8.12) Vision!
- C. "I Am the Door" (John 10.7-10) Access!
- D. "I Am the Good Shepherd" (John 10.11) Leadership!
- E. "I Am the Resurrection and the Life" (John 11.25-26) Life!
- F. "I Am the Way, the Truth, and the Life" (John 14.6) Absolute!
- G. "I Am the True Vine" (John 15.1) Connection!
- H. "I Am the Alpha and Omega" (Rev. 1.8) Start to Finish!

Conclusion: There is no one like Jesus Christ - no one!

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #2: "I Am the Bread of Life"

Introduction:

- 1. Why did Jesus declare, "I am the bread of life" (John 6.35)?
- 2. In Greek: EGŌ EIMÍ HO ARTOS TĒS ZŌĒS

I am the bread of life

3. What does this mean, and how does it apply to us today?

I. JESUS IS THE SOURCE OF LIFE

- A. "All things were made by Him" (John 1.3; cf., Col. 1.16).
 - 1. All physical life: animal & human. (Gen. 1.20-27; 2.7)
 - 2. God has high regard for life, but today's departure from that position is evident: abortion & euthanasia.
- B. The source of eternal life. (John 1.4; 3.16-17; 6.54, 68; 17.1-3)

II. JESUS IS THE SUSTAINER OF LIFE

- A. Bread (food) is vital to sustain life. (Gen. 3.19; Matt. 6.11)
 - 1. God gave Israel manna in the wilderness. (Exod. 16)
 - 2. Elijah & the widow of Zarephath. (1 Kings 17)
- B. Jesus gives and sustains eternal life.
 - 1. Born in "Bethlehem" = "house of bread" (Micah 5.2)
 - 2. Communion with His body. (1 Cor. 11.24; cf., 10.16-17)
 - 3. His words are life! (John 6.63; cf., Matt. 4.4)

III. JESUS IS OUR SATISFACTION IN LIFE

- A. "He who comes to Me shall never hunger..." (v. 35).
 - 1. "...for they shall be filled" (Matt. 5.6; cf., Psa. 107.9).
 - 2. "...the food that endures to everlasting life" (John 6.27).
- B. All other sources fail to satisfy: wealth, fame, success, etc. (Cf., 1 Tim. 6.6-10; Phil. 4.11-13)

Conclusion: Come to the "bread of life" and your needs will be met!

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #3: "I Am the Light of the World" John 8.1-12

Introduction:

- 1. Consider the setting when Jesus made this declaration.
- 2. Are the scribes and Pharisees trying to catch Jesus between the "law" and "grace"? (Cf., Exod. 20.14; Lev. 20.10; Mark 2.1-12)
- 3. "Light" was frequently associated with the Messiah (Christ).
 - a) Prophecy (Isa. 9.1-7 → Matt. 4.13-17; cf., Isa. 49.6; 60.1-3)
 - b) In John (John 1.4-9; 3.19; 9.5; 12.35)
- 4. Why did Jesus say, "I am the light of the world"?

I. HIS LIGHT BRINGS US KNOWLEDGE - Vs. 1-9

- A. Knowledge of sin. (John 3.19-21; cf., Eph. 5.11)
 - 1. The woman violated God' law she was a sinner.
 - 2. But the "light of the world" exposes hypocrisy as well!
- B. Knowledge of God's loving grace.
 - 1. "For the grace of God..." (Titus 2.11-14)
 - 2. V. 12: It exposes sin & righteousness! (Cf., Heb. 4.12)

II. HIS LIGHT BRINGS US HOPE - V. 10

- A. Even hope to the hopeless!
 - 1. Hope to an individual captured in sin. (Vs. 4, 10)
 - 2. Hope to a wretched world. "World" [KOSMOS] is found 79x in John's gospel. (E.g., John 1.9; 3.16,19; 9.5; 12.46)
- B. "Now hope does not disappoint..." (Rom. 5.5-10).
 - 1. KATAISCHUNŌ: "to shame down, i.e., disgrace" (Strong).
 - 2. God's unfailing love: "we shall be saved by His life."

III. HIS LIGHT BRINGS US DIRECTION - Vs. 11-12

- A. "Go, and sin no more" (v. 11).
 - 1. With forgiveness comes faithfulness, but we need help.
 - 2. Christ's Word is that light! (Rom. 10.17; cf., Psa. 119.105)
- B. "He who follows Me shall not walk in darkness, but have the light of life" (v. 12; cf., Psa. 118.27).
 - 1. These are the directions for the followers of Christ!
 - 2. Forgiveness is only the beginning! (1 John 1.5-7)

Conclusion: The world is a dark place, but Jesus is the light we need!

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #4: "I Am the Door of the Sheep" John 10.7-10

Introduction:

- 1. Why did Jesus assert, "I am the door of the sheep" (vs. 7-10)? They did not understand His teaching about the sheepfold.
- 2. Some background is imperative. (John 9.35-41; 10.1-6)
- 3. Why does Jesus use this "I Am" statement? Fascinating...

THE "SHEEPFOLD" & "THE DOOR" I.

- A. What is a "sheepfold"?
 - 1. Hebrew- NAVEH: "a habitation, an abode of shepherds & flocks, a pasture" [B-D-B] (2 Sam. 7.8; 1 Chron. 17.7)
 - 2. Greek- AULĒN TŌN PROBATŌN: "fold of the sheep" (text).
 - 3. Two different kinds of sheepfolds: village & hillside.
- B. What was the "door" to the sheepfold? Greek- THURA: more likely a gate; "a portal, or an entrance" [Strong].
 - 1. The village sheepfold had a strong door/gate.
 - 2. The hillside sheepfold had no literal door/gate.
- C. So Jesus said, "I am the door of the sheep" (vs. 7, 9).

II. HOW IS JESUS "THE DOOR OF THE SHEEP"?

- A. "I am the door. If anyone enters by Me, he will be saved, and will go in and out and find pasture" (v. 9).
 - 1. Through Him alone can we find access to the Father. (Cf., John 14.6; Eph. 2.18; Heb. 10.19-22)
 - 2. Through Him we will "go in and out and find pasture." This is a well-known Hebraism. (Cf., Num. 27.15-17; Deut. 28.6-7; Psa. 121.8) It is a beautiful expression.
- B. He protects us from "thieves and robbers" (v. 10).
 - 1. God's sheep had been in danger. (E.g. Matt. 23)
 - 2. Righteous people/prophets died. (Matt. 23.29-30, 34-35)
 - 3. Through His word we find protection. (John 5.24; 8.51)
- C. Jesus said, "I have come that they may have life, and that they may have it more abundantly" (v. 10).
 - 1. "More abundantly" is to have superabundance of a thing.
 - 2. Only when we live with Christ is life really worth living!

Conclusion: Have you allowed Jesus to become the door of your life?

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #5: "I Am the Good Shepherd" John 10.11

Introduction:

- 1. The shepherd was a familiar figure in the Judean uplands.
- 2. The shepherd's task was both constant and dangerous in that he had to guard the flock from wild animals, and there were always "thieves and robbers" (v. 8) ready to steal the sheep.
- 3. As the "Good Shepherd," Jesus reveals much about Himself.

THE BIBLICAL PICTURE OF THE SHEPHERD I.

- A. In the Old Testament:
 - 1. The Psalms. (Psa. 23.1; 77.20; 79.13; 80.1; 95.7; 100.3)
 - 2. The Prophets (Isa. 40.11; 63.11; Ezek. 34; Micah 5.4)
- B. In the New Testament:
 - 1. The shepherd risks his life for one sheep. (Luke 15.4)
 - 2. Pities people like sheep with no shepherd. (Mark 6.34)
 - 3. Jesus called the disciples His "little flock" (Luke 12.32).
 - 4. If the shepherd is slain the sheep scatter. (Mark 14.27)
 - 5. He shepherds the souls of His flock. (1 Pet. 2.25)
 - 6. Elders "shepherd" the flock. (Acts 20.28; 1 Pet. 5.2)

II. JESUS AS THE "GOOD SHEPHERD" REVEALS...

A. HIS CHARACTER - THREE INCOMPARABLE TITLES:

- 1. The "Good Shepherd" dying for His sheep. (John 10.11)
- 2. The "Great Shepherd" risen for His sheep. (Heb. 13.20)
- 3. The "Chief Shepherd" coming for His sheep. (1 Pet. 5.4)

B. HIS CARE - GENUINE CONCERN (John 10.1-30)

- 1. He calls to His sheep by name. (Vs. 3-5, 14)
- 2. He leads the sheep by going before them. (Vs. 3-4)
- 3. He protects & preserves His sheep. (Vs. 12-13, 28-29)

C. HIS CROSS - THE DEPTH OF HIS LOVE (John 10.11)

- 1. He lays down His life for His sheep. (V. 15; John 15.13)
- 2. He provided salvation for all His sheep. (Vs. 16, 27-28; Cf., Rom. 10.12-13)
- 3. He conquered death for His sheep. (Vs. 17-18; Rom. 1.4)

Conclusion: Jesus, the loving Shepherd, is calling to us today...

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #6: "I Am the Resurrection and the Life" John 11.17-27

Introduction:

- 1. Consider the exchange between Jesus and Martha. (Vs. 20-27)
- 2. Jesus is poised to declare His fifth "I Am" statement: "I am the resurrection and the life..." (Read vs. 25-26)
- 3. I see three applications in this beautiful exchange:

JESUS: THE GREATEST OF ALL PERSONALITES I.

- A. Martha chided, "Lord, if You would have been here ... "
 - 1. Jesus: "Your brother will rise again" (vs. 21-23).
 - 2. Later, Mary would make a similar comment (vs. 32-34).
- B. Upon seeing the sorrow of others, "Jesus wept" (v. 35).
- C. We should be moved by the compassion of Jesus. (Matt. 9.36)

II. JESUS: THE GREATEST OF ALL POWERS

- A. "I am the resurrection and the life" (v. 25).
 - 1. "Resurrection" A power He displayed earlier.
 - a) The widow's son at Nain (Luke 7.11-17)
 - b) The daughter of Jairus (Luke 8.40-51)
 - 2. "Life" He created life, and He can restore it from death! (John 10.28; Rev. 2.10; John 10.17)
- B. Jesus may very well have been addressing two realities:
 - 1. Death by sin rebirth by conversion. (John 3.1-7)
 - 2. Life to come death is not the end. (2 Thess. 4.13-18)

III. JESUS: THE GREATEST OF ALL PROMISES

- A. "He who believes in Me, though he may die, he shall live. And whoever lives and believes in Me shall never die" (vs.25-26).
 - 1. Life is short at its longest. (Psa. 90.10; James 4.14)
 - 2. Jesus promises life that lasts: eternal life! (John 3.15-17)
- B. "Do you believe this?" (v. 26).
 - 1. Many do not believe this. Lives without hope!
 - 2. It takes faith and is always conditional! (John 3.36; 8.24)

Conclusion: The only life worth living is one that lives for Jesus; the only death worth dying is one that will be victorious in resurrection!

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #7: "I Am the Way, the Truth, and the Life" John 14.6

Introduction:

- 1. Jesus had said, "I shall be with you a little while longer, and then I go to Him who sent Me" (John 7.33).
- 2. The disciples struggled to understand what Jesus meant.
- 3. Jesus responds to Thomas, saying, "I am the way, the truth, and the life. No one comes to the Father except through Me."

JESUS: "I AM THE WAY..."

- A. The Jews spoke much about the way in which men must walk in the ways of God.
 - 1. The Law declared the ways of God. (Deut. 5.32-33; 31.29; Isa. 30.21; 35.8)
 - 2. But they routinely violated God's ways. (Isa. 59.1-2, 7-8)
- B. But here is Jesus saying, "I am the way" (cf., Eph. 2.18).

II. JESUS: "I AM THE TRUTH..."

- A. The Psalmist said, "Teach me Your way, O LORD, I will walk in Your truth..." (Psa. 86.11).
 - 1. He also said, "I have chosen the way of truth..." (Psa. 119.30).
 - 2. Pilate asked, "What is truth?" (John 18.37-38).
- B. Embodying the truth, Jesus said, "I am the truth..."
 - 1. Moral truth must be conveyed in example.
 - 2. The fact of moral perfection finds it realization in Jesus! (Cf., John 1.14, 17; 8.32)

III. JESUS: "I AM THE LIFE..."

- A. "For the commandment is a lamp, and the law a light; reproofs of instruction are the way of life" (Prov. 6.23; see also Prov. 10.17; Psa. 16.11). The Law revealed life!
- B. But then Jesus says, "I am the life..."
 - 1. "All things were made through Him, and without Him nothing was made that was made" (John 1.3).
 - 2. What man is seeking for is life. (James 4.14; Eccl. 3.11)

Conclusion: Jesus concluded, "No one comes to the Father except through Me." This fact makes Him the Great "I Am"!

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #8: "I Am the True Vine" John 15.1-8

Introduction:

- 1. Why did Jesus use this metaphor?
 - a) In connection to the Lord's Supper? (Matt. 26.27-28).
 - b) Because of the vineyards near Kidron? (John 18.1).
 - c) Because of the golden vine over the temple-gate? (Westcott)
 - d) Old Testament imagery? (Psa. 80.8-19; Isa. 5.1-7; Jer. 2.21)
- 2. The Father is the "vinedresser" [GEŌRGOS] a "landowner, i.e., a farmer. KJV: husbandman" (Strong). (19 x in the N.T.)
- 3. What is our relationship to the "true vine"?

I. ABIDE IN THE VINE!

- A. "Abide in Me, and I in you" (v. 4).
 - 1. Christ, the "true vine," is our life source. (John 1.4; 3.36)
 - 2. Faithful dedication. (Rev. 2.10)
 - a) To worship in spirit & truth. (John 4.23)
 - b) To encourage others in assembly. (Heb. 10.24-25)
 - c) Proper priorities. (Matt. 6.33)
 - d) Self-sacrifice. (Rom. 12.1-2)
- B. Warning: Abide, or be thrown into the fire! (V. 6)

II. BEAR GODLY FRUIT!

- A. "I am the vine, you are the branches. He who abides in Me, and I in him, bears much fruit; for without Me you can do nothing" (v. 5).
 - 1. When Christ lives in us, look what happens! (Gal. 2.20)
 - 2. What fruit? The "fruit of the Spirit" (Gal. 5.22-23).
- B. Warning: Even productive vines are pruned! (V. 2)

III. GLORIFY THE FATHER!

- A. "By this My Father is glorified, that you bear much fruit; so you will be My disciples" (v. 8).
- B. Two critically important factors:
 - 1. We are to glorify the Father, not self. (Matt. 5.16)
 - 2. Bearing "much fruit" denotes discipleship! (Matt. 7.20)

Conclusion: Without Christ we can do nothing to please God!

JESUS, THE GREAT "I AM" Lesson #9: "I Am the Alpha & the Omega" Revelation 1.8

Introduction:

- 1. We began with the "I Am" statement made to Moses when God called him to lead the Israelites out of Egypt. (Exod. 3.13-22)
- 2. The "I AM" revelation: "I AM WHO I AM" (Exod. 3.14)
 - a) John 8.51-58 Context: Christ's preexistence.
 - b) "Before Abraham was, I AM" (v. 58). [EGŌ EIMÍ]
 - c) Contrast: "Abraham was" with "IAM" timeless!
- 3. Completing the series in Revelation...

THE "I AM" STATEMENTS REGARDING JESUS

- A. "I Am the Bread of Life" (John 6.35) Sustenance!
- B. "I Am the Light of the World" (John 8.12) Vision!
- C. "I Am the Door" (John 10.7-10) Access & Protection!
- D. "I Am the Good Shepherd" (John 10.11) Leadership!
- E. "I Am the Resurrection & the Life" (John 11.25-26) Life!
- F. "I Am the Way, the Truth, and the Life" (John 14.6) Absolute!
- G. "I Am the True Vine" (John 15.1) Connection!

II. "I AM THE ALPHA & THE OMEGA"

- A. "I am the Alpha and the Omega,' says the Lord God, 'who is and who was and who is to come, the Almighty." [ESV]
 - 1. "The Alpha and the Omega" The Aleph & the Taw!
 - 2. His provides all we need from "A" to "Z"! (Eph. 1.3)
- B. Jesus Christ is the One "Who is to come"! What will happen?
 - 1. "All" the dead will be resurrected. (John 5.22-30)
 - 2. "We who are alive and remain..." (1 Thess. 4-13-18)
 - 3. He made it all He will end it all! (2 Pet. 3.7-13)

Conclusion: The Great "I Am" is our only hope. Who is He to you?